

Θεωρία Α:

$$A1: \gamma, \quad A2: \delta, \quad A3: \alpha, \quad A4: \delta$$

$$A5: \Lambda - \Sigma - \Lambda - \Sigma - \Lambda$$

Θεωρία Β:B.1α) Έσομεν η (i)

$$b) d_2 = \sqrt{d^2 + d_1^2} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow d_2 = \sqrt{\frac{9d_1^2}{4} + 4d_1^2} = \sqrt{\frac{25d_1^2}{4}} \Rightarrow$$

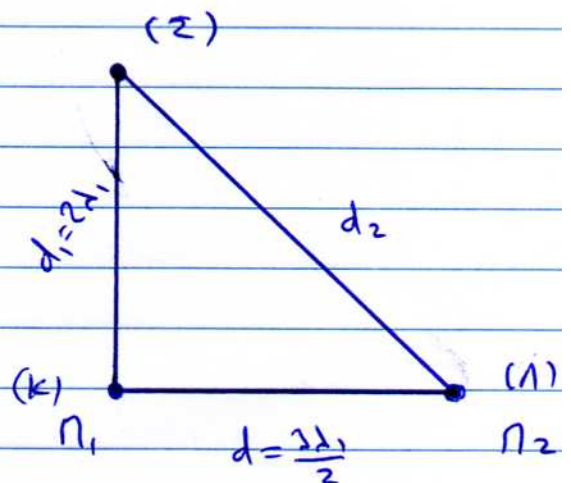
$$\Rightarrow d_2 = \frac{5d_1}{2}$$

$$v_1 = v_2 \Rightarrow d_1 t_1 = d_2 t_2 \Rightarrow d_1 t_1 = d_2 \frac{2t_1}{1} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow d_1 = 2d_2 \Rightarrow d_2 = \frac{d_1}{2}$$

$$(z): d_2 - d_1 = \frac{5d_1}{2} - 2d_1 = \frac{5d_1}{2} - \frac{4d_1}{2} \Rightarrow d_2 - d_1 = \frac{d_1}{2} = \frac{2d_2}{2} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow d_2 - d_1 = d_2 = 1 \cdot d_2, \quad \text{οπότε } k=1, \quad \text{επιβεβαιώνεται}$$



B2 (E.277)

a) Σωρον η (iii)

b) A.D.Σωρ.: $L_n = L_y \Rightarrow I\omega = I_1\omega_1 \Rightarrow$

$\Rightarrow \cancel{mR^2}\omega = \cancel{m\frac{R^2}{4}}\omega_1 \Rightarrow \omega = \frac{\omega_1}{4} \Rightarrow \omega_1 = 4\omega$

ΘΜΚΕ: $W_F = \Delta K = \frac{1}{2}I_1\omega_1^2 - \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2 = \frac{1}{2}m\frac{R^2}{4} \cdot 16\omega^2 - \frac{1}{2}mR^2\omega^2 \Rightarrow$

$\Rightarrow W_F = 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2}mR^2\omega^2 - \frac{1}{2}mR^2\omega^2 \Rightarrow W_F = 3\frac{1}{2}mR^2\omega^2 \Rightarrow$

$\Rightarrow W_F = \frac{3}{2}mR^2\omega^2$

B3

a) Σωρον η (i)

b) Γ-Δ: $P_r + \cancel{P_{at}} + \frac{1}{2}\rho v_r^2 = P_a + \cancel{P_{at}} + \frac{1}{2}\rho v_a^2 + \rho gh \Rightarrow$

$\Rightarrow P_r - P_a = \frac{1}{2}\rho v_a^2 - \frac{1}{2}\rho v_r^2 + \rho gh$ (1)

$P_r = P_a \Rightarrow A_r v_r = A_a v_a \Rightarrow 2A_a v_r = A_a v_a \Rightarrow v_a = 2v_r$ (2)

Δ-κ: $h = \frac{1}{2}gt^2 \Rightarrow t = \sqrt{\frac{2h}{g}}$

$\delta = 4h = v_a t \Rightarrow 4h = v_a \sqrt{\frac{2h}{g}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{16h^2} = v_a \sqrt{\frac{2h}{g}} \Rightarrow h = \frac{v_a^2}{8g}$ (3)

(1), (2), (3) $\Rightarrow P_r - P_a = \frac{1}{2}\rho 4v_r^2 - \frac{1}{2}\rho v_r^2 + \rho \frac{4v_r^2}{2 \cdot 8g} \Rightarrow$

$\Rightarrow P_r - P_a = \frac{4}{2}\rho v_r^2 - \frac{1}{2}\rho v_r^2 + \frac{1}{2}\rho v_r^2 \Rightarrow P_r - P_a = 2\rho v_r^2$ (4)

Θ Εφα Γ:

$$\Gamma 1) \underline{ADE \Gamma_1 - \Delta_1}: \quad \frac{1}{2} k \Delta e^2 = \frac{1}{2} m_1 v_1^2 \Rightarrow 50 \cdot \frac{16}{2100} = 2 v_1^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow 8 = 2 v_1^2 \Rightarrow v_1^2 = 4 \Rightarrow v_1 = 2 \text{ m/s} \quad (1)$$

$$f_1 = \frac{v - v_1}{v} f_s \Rightarrow f_1 = \frac{340 - 2}{340} f_s \Rightarrow f_1 = \frac{338}{340} f_s \quad (2)$$

$$\underline{ADO \Delta_1 - \Delta_2}: \quad m_1 v_1 + 0 = (m_1 + m_2) V \Rightarrow 2 \cdot 2 = 4V \Rightarrow V = 1 \text{ m/s} \quad (3)$$

$$f_2 = \frac{v - V}{v} f_s = \frac{340 - 1}{340} f_s \Rightarrow f_2 = \frac{339}{340} f_s \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{(2)}{(4)} \Rightarrow \frac{f_1}{f_2} = \frac{\frac{338}{340} f_s}{\frac{339}{340} f_s} = \frac{338}{339} \Rightarrow \frac{f_1}{f_2} = 0,99 \quad (5)$$

$$\Gamma 2) \underline{\Theta. \epsilon.}: \quad \Sigma F = -F_1 - F_2 = -k_1 x - k_2 x = -(k_1 + k_2) \cdot x \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \Sigma F = -2k \cdot x, \quad D = 2k = 100 \text{ N/m} \quad (6)$$

$$\underline{(\Delta_2): \Theta. I. T.}: \quad V = V_{\text{max}} = \omega A \quad (7)$$

$$D = (m_1 + m_2) \omega^2 \Rightarrow 100 = 4 \omega^2 \Rightarrow \omega^2 = 25 \Rightarrow \omega = 5 \text{ r/s} \quad (8)$$

$$(7), (8) \stackrel{(3)}{\Rightarrow} 1 = 5A \Rightarrow A = \frac{1}{5} = 0,2 \text{ m} \quad (9)$$

$$\Gamma 3) f_3 = \frac{v - 0}{v} f_s, \quad \text{openen } V_1 = 0 \text{ qua } \Theta. M. A.$$

$$\text{onore } t = \frac{T}{4} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = \frac{2\pi}{4 \cdot 5} = \frac{\pi}{10} \Rightarrow t = 0,1 \pi \text{ sec} \quad (10)$$

$$\Gamma 4) \frac{\Delta p}{\Delta t} = \Sigma F_{\text{avg}} = \Theta \cdot A \stackrel{(6)}{\Rightarrow} \stackrel{(9)}{\left(\frac{\Delta p}{\Delta t} \right)_{\text{avg}}} = 100 \cdot 0,2 = 20 \text{ N.} \quad (11)$$

Θεωρα Δ:

$$\Delta 1) I_{(O), \text{pal.}} = \frac{1}{12} M R^2 + M \left(\frac{R}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{12} M R^2 + \frac{1}{4} M R^2 = \frac{1}{12} M R^2 + \frac{3}{12} M R^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow I_{(O), \text{pal.}} = \frac{4}{12} M R^2 = \frac{1}{3} M R^2 = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 8 \cdot \cancel{R}^3 \Rightarrow I_{(O), \text{pal.}} = 24 \text{ kgm}^2 \quad (1)$$

$$I_{Ox}(O) = I_{(O), \text{pal.}} + I_{(O), \text{δίσκ.}} = 24 + \frac{1}{2} m R^2 = 24 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4 \cdot \frac{R}{4} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow I_{Ox}(O) = 24 + 1 = 25 \text{ kgm}^2 \quad (2)$$

$$\Delta 2) \frac{\Delta L}{\Delta t} = \Sigma \tau = M g \frac{R}{2} \sin \varphi = \cancel{8} \cdot \cancel{10} \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot \cancel{0,6} \Rightarrow \frac{\Delta L}{\Delta t} = 72 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m} \quad (3)$$

$$\Delta 3) \begin{array}{|l} \text{ADE: } (r_1 - r_1) = \\ \hline U_{(r_1)} = 0 \end{array} \quad M g h = \frac{1}{2} I_{Ox} \cdot \omega^2 = K_{\text{εικρ.}} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow K_{\text{εικρ.}} = M g \left(\frac{R}{2} - \frac{R}{2} \cos \varphi \right) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow K_{\text{εικρ.}} = 8 \cdot 10 \left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{2} \cdot 0,8 \right) = 8 \cdot 10 \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot \cancel{0,2} \Rightarrow K_{\text{εικρ.}} = 24 \text{ J} \quad (4)$$

Δ4) κεντρικός: $\Sigma F = m a_{\text{κεν}} \Rightarrow m g \sin \varphi - T - T_p = m a_{\text{κεν}} \Rightarrow$

$$\Rightarrow 30 \cdot \cancel{10} \cdot \cancel{0,6} - T - T_p = 30 a_{\text{κεν}} \Rightarrow 240 - T - T_p = 30 a_{\text{κεν}} \quad (5)$$

$$\Sigma \tau = I_{\text{κεν}} a_{\gamma_{\text{κε}}} \Rightarrow T_p \cdot R - T \cdot R = \frac{1}{2} m R^2 a_{\gamma_{\text{κε}}} \Rightarrow T_p - T = \frac{1}{2} m R a_{\gamma_{\text{κε}}} \quad (6)$$

Γροχαλία: $\Sigma \tau = I_{\gamma} \cdot a_{\gamma_{\tau}} \Rightarrow T \cdot R = 1,95 \cdot a_{\gamma_{\tau}} \Rightarrow T \cdot 0,2 = 1,95 a_{\gamma_{\tau}} \quad (7)$

$$(6) \Rightarrow (a_{\text{κεν}} = a_{\gamma_{\text{κε}}} \cdot R) \Rightarrow T_p - T = \frac{1}{2} m a_{\text{κεν}} = \frac{1}{2} 30 a_{\text{κεν}} \Rightarrow T_p - T = 15 a_{\text{κεν}} \quad (8)$$

Καθίσταται ανωστρέφα κύματα:

$$U_k = W_{TP} \cdot R = 2 v_{\text{ακτ.}} \Rightarrow W_{TP} \cdot \frac{R}{2} = v_{\text{ακτ.}} \quad (9)$$

$$2 v_{\text{ακτ.}} = W_{TP} \cdot R \Rightarrow v_{\text{ακτ.}} = \frac{W_{TP} \cdot R}{2} \Rightarrow a_{\text{ακτ.}} = a_{TP} \cdot \frac{R}{2} \quad (10)$$

$$(7), (10) \Rightarrow 0,2T = 1,95 \frac{2 a_{\text{ακτ.}}}{R} \Rightarrow T = \frac{2 \cdot 1,95 \cdot a_{\text{ακτ.}}}{0,2 \cdot 0,2} = \frac{2 \cdot 1,95 a_{\text{ακτ.}}}{2 \cdot 2} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow T = \frac{1,95}{2} a_{\text{ακτ.}} \quad (11)$$

$$(6), (11) \Rightarrow (a_{\text{ακτ.}} = a_{TP} \cdot \frac{R}{2}) \Rightarrow T_p - \frac{1,95}{2} a_{\text{ακτ.}} = \frac{1}{2} W a_{\text{ακτ.}} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow T_p = \frac{1}{2} 30 a_{\text{ακτ.}} + \frac{1,95}{2} a_{\text{ακτ.}} \Rightarrow T_p = \frac{225}{2} a_{\text{ακτ.}} \quad (12)$$

$$(5), (11), (12) \Rightarrow 240 = \frac{1,95}{2} a_{\text{ακτ.}} - \frac{225}{2} a_{\text{ακτ.}} = 30 a_{\text{ακτ.}} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow 240 = \frac{60}{2} a_{\text{ακτ.}} + \frac{1,95}{2} a_{\text{ακτ.}} + \frac{225}{2} a_{\text{ακτ.}} \Rightarrow 240 = \frac{480}{2} a_{\text{ακτ.}} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow a_{\text{ακτ.}} = 1 \text{ m/s}^2 \quad (13)$$

$$S = \frac{1}{2} a_{\text{ακτ.}} t^2 \Rightarrow 2 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 \cdot t^2 \Rightarrow t^2 = 4 \Rightarrow t = 2 \text{ sec} \quad (14)$$

$$v_{\text{ακτ.}} = a_{\text{ακτ.}} \cdot t = 1 \cdot 2 \Rightarrow v_{\text{ακτ.}} = 2 \text{ m/s} \quad (15)$$